D 5501

Fm. 1
G 500 1-33

CONFIDENTIAL
DRAWER

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. 1.

REPORT

Date February 7, 1934

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
FILE & RECORD REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date

Subject (in full) Fokien Secession Movement.

Made by D.I. Sih Tse Liang Forwarded by [illegible]

The Fokien Secession Movement which started on November 20, 1933, collapsed on January 17, 1934 after severe fighting on the Chekiang Fokien Border for three weeks. The downfall of the movement was first evidenced in the capture on January 7, 1934, of Yenping, about 400 li to the north west of Foochow, on the Min River which was the base of the Fokien Secessionists. The capture of this place was attributed to the mutiny of the troops comprising the two regiments under the command of Gen. Tan Chi Siu (谭竹秀), who were formerly bandits in Fokien and were enlisted by the 19th Route Army. On January 17, 1934, the situation on the front became so untenable to the Secessionists that they were obliged to abandon Foochow, thus ending the life of the so-called "Fokien People's Government".

The causes of the failure of the Movement may be summed up as follows:-

1. The overthrow of the Kuomintang which caused Fokien sympathizers to hesitate in giving support.
2. Indiscriminate recruiting in that bandits were incorporated in the rank and file of the regular troops thus diminishing unified fighting power.
3. The fact that the rebels were outnumbered by the National Government troops.
4. Dissension among Secessionist leaders especially between Generals Tsai Ting-kai and Tai Chi over the question of posts in the People's Government.

The insurgent troops after leaving Foochow concentrated at two places, Lungyen and Chuanchow. At the latter place the troops were comprised of the 61st Division

Fm. 2
G 50 4-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

.....Station,

REPORT

Date.....19

Subject (in full).....

Made by..... Forwarded by.....

and 49th Division of the 19th Route Army. These two Divisions having absorbed on their way disbanded soldiers or soldiers who had surrendered consisted of 12 regiments some 18,000 men strong. Following an understanding reached with the National Government, these two divisions were re-organized on January 27, 1934 and divided into 4 divisions, namely, the 49th, 60th, 61st and 78th Divisions which are to be attached to the "Kiangsi, Fokien, Hunan, Hupeh and Anhui Bandit Suppression East Route Army", as No.7 Route with Generals Mao Vee Shou (毛维寿) and Chang Yien (张炎), who were respectively ex-Commander of the 61st and 49th Division of the 19th Route Army as Commander and Vice Commander. These appointments were formally announced by the National Government and the commanders assumed office at Hweian (惠安) on January 30, 1934. These troops are now stationed in the vicinity of Hinghwa (興化) and Hweian and Chuanchow (泉州).

Those troops who assembled at Lungyen (龍巖) consisted of the remnants (10,000 strong) of mixed units of the 19th Route Army, mostly the 60th Division and the 78th Division. The Commanders of these two Divisions namely Generals Sung Kwong Han (沈光漢) and Urg Shou Nien (區壽年) have already reached some agreement with the National Government, whereby the latter will give each of them $50,000 to enable them to sever relations with the army and go abroad. The present commanding officer of the insurgent troops at this area is General Tsai (蔡) Ting (廷) Kai (楷) who has however so far refused to come to terms with the National Government.

Fm. 2
G 5032-11-33

File No.....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

.....Station,

REPORT

Date.....19

Subject (in full).....

Made by..... Forwarded by.....

The National Government having determined the fate of the insurgents, appointed General Chen I (陳儀), ex-Vice Minister of War, as Chairman of the Fokien Provincial Government. Chen I assumed office at Foochow on February 5, 1934.

In the meantime the Communist Armies in West Fokien were very active insomuch as that Kwangteeh (光澤) and Shaowu (邵武) fell into their hands in the middle of January, 1934.

With a view to purging the Province of possible threats from reactionaries the National Government has instructed the 5th, 11th and 14th Divisions stationed at Sincheng (新城), Kiangsi to attack Tai Ning (泰寧), 67th, 90th, and 96th Divisions at Luki (瀘溪), Kiangsi, to attack Kwangtseh, as well as the 9th Division at Nantsing (南靖), 3rd Division at Changtai (長泰), 83rd Division at Tungan (同安) and 10th Division at Anki (安溪) to attack General Tsai Ting Kai's troops at Lungyen.

The foregoing information was obtained by D.S.I. Pan Lien Pih.

Sih Tsu Liang
D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

FILE

Fm. 2
G 5000-11-33

CONFIDENTIAL DRAWER

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch

REPORT

Date January 4, 1934.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
CIVIL SECRETARY.
No. D
Date

Subject (in full) Military Movement in connection with Fokien Secession.

Made by D. S. I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by W Duncan DSI

During the past few days, severe fighting took place between the National Armies and the Fokien troops along the Chekiang and Fokien border. In the Central Route, the insurgents have entered Chekiang and captured Chingyuan (慶元) and Taishun (泰順) and are attacking Lungchuan (龍泉) and Chingning (景寧).

In the Eastern Route, fighting is in progress at Fengsuikwan (分水關), north of the Chekiang-Fokien border. The naval forces of the Nanking Government under the command of Rear-Admiral Chen Chi-liang (陳季良) are cruising off the Chekiang-Fokien border coast. Secret information from a reliable source shows that the naval officers and men, who are practically all natives of Fokien, do not wish to see their native place destroyed by warfare and have reached an agreement with the Fokien Secessionists. According to the stipulation, the Fokien insurgents have promised to hand over all naval bases in Fokien to the Nanking Navy at a suitable time after the Fokien armies fight their way into Chekiang.

As regards the Western Route, the armies are carrying out warfare between Pucheng (浦城) and Soongchi (松溪) in the Fokien Province.

The Red Armies are still at Yushan (玉山) and Kaihwa (開化) opposite the Nationalist Armies at Changshan. Towards the end of December, 1933, the 500 members of the Anhwei Peace Preservation Corps on guard duty at Tunki (屯溪), a town about 120 li north of Kaihwa and in the Anhwei Province, mutinied and declared their allegiance with the Communists with the result that

Fm. 2
G 5000-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

REPORT

.....Station,

Date.....19

Subject (in full).....

Made by.....Forwarded by.....

this town fell into the hands of the "Reds". The Communists then succeeded in getting into touch with their associates at Kaihwa and Yushan.

In view of the fact that the date of the 4th Plenary Session of the Kuomintang (January 20, 1934) is approaching, General Chiang Kai-shek, it is said, plans to drive the Fokien secessionists back into Fokien and then take the defensive pending the holding of the 4th Kuomintang Session. This scheme is evidenced by his order to General Mao Ping-wen (毛炳文), Commander of the 37th Army, instructing him to attack Shunchang (順昌) from Kwangtsen (光澤) and Shaowu (邵武) in Fokien with a view to capturing Yenping (延平), the base of the Fokien Secessionists. The 39th Army under General Liu Wu-ting (劉和鼎) and the 8th Army under Chao Kwan-tao (趙觀濤) at Pucheng (浦城) were also ordered to move eastward in order to cut off communications between the Fokien troops in Chekiang in the Central Route and their men in reserve in Fokien. These units belonged to the Northern Route Bandit Suppression Armies under the command of General Chiang Ting-wen (蔣鼎文).

General Chiang Kai-shek is said to be at Pucheng directing all movements of the National Armies against the secessionists and the "Reds".

It is learned that the South-Western Political Council has protested to the National Government against the bombardment from aeroplanes of cities in Fokien away from the fighting zone. The air force of the

Fm. 2
G 5000-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

REPORT

.....Station,

Date.....19

Subject (in full) .....

Made by..... Forwarded by.....

National Government has since confined its bombing work to the fighting zones.

Pan Lien Pih
D. S. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commr. of Police.
Sir:
Information
H. R. Robertson
for O. i/c S. B.

Copies sent to Capt. Dicker, Lieut. McHugh, Lt. Comdr. Hopkinson & Japanese military authorities.
YZYoo

Fm. 2
G. 35000-1-34

CONFIDENTIAL DRAWER

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., S.B.

REPORT

Date December 29, 1933

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
File No.
No. D
Date Station,

Subject (in full) Military Movement in connection with Fokien Secession

Made by D.I. Sih Tse-liang Forwarded by W. Duncan

Up to the present little development has come to notice along the Chekiang and Fokien border as both sides are adopting defensive measures on the three routes, viz. the Eastern Route with Futing (福鼎) in Fokien opposite Pingyang (平陽) in Chekiang, the Central Route with Shouning (壽寧) in Fokien opposite Taishun (泰順) and Chingyuan (慶元) in Chekiang and the Western Route with Kienyang (建陽) opposite Pucheng (浦城). The last mentioned city although situated in the province of Fokien is still in the hands of the Nationalist Force but was nearly captured by the insurgents on or about December 24 and 25 when a regiment of the 88th Division of the Nationalist Force who had been sent there to assist in the defence suddenly mutinied and turned over to Fokien. This city is now guarded by the troops of the 39th Army Corps.

A serious pressure was however felt by the Nationalist Force on the Chekiang and Kiangsi border where the Communist armies under the command of Pang Teh-huei (彭德懷) not only sueceeded in capturing Kwangsing (廣信) and Yushan (玉山) but also Kaihua (開化), a city within the Chekiang border near Anhui, some 45 miles to the north-west of Chuchow (衢州). Consequently any further advancement on the part of the Communist Army would enable them to reach the Hangchow and Kiangshan Railway and cut off communications between the Nationalist troops on the Fuchen Front and their troops in reserve. In view of the seriousness of the situation, General Chiang Kai-shek at once took command personally of the troops and made Chuchow (衢州) his headquarters. As a precaution against any further advance of the Communist

39

Fm. 2
G. 35000-1-34

File No.....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

.....Station,

REPORT
-2-

Date.....19

Subject (in full).....

Made by.....Forwarded by.....

Army, General Chiang transferred the 12th Division from Tientsin-Pukow Railway to Hangchow and to Sien Ya Ling (仙霞嶺) and concentrated the 7th Division at Hweichow (徽州), a city in the south-east of Anhui, near the Chekiang border.

On the other hand the Fokien secessionists, realizing their incapability of withstanding any attack from naval forces have decided to abandon Foochow if the situation demands and as a preliminary step, all important documents and arms and ammunition hitherto stored in Foochow have been removed to Changchow (漳州), a city near the Kwangtung border.

According to the general opinion the Nationalist Force is comparatively weak in man fighting power and relies upon its air force, good transportation and communication in their struggle against the Fokien forces. The recent completion of the Hangchow and Kiangshan Railway together with the Nanking-Hangchow roadway have afforded great facilities to the Nationalist troops in troop transportation. In addition to the rolling stock of the railway in question, the 200 motor trucks of the Nanking Military Committee have been utilized to the full extent. The Headquarters of the air force of the Nationalist Force is at Wenchow and it is reported that some 16 bombing aeroplanes are participating in the campaign. An unconfirmed report has been received that four bombing planes have been lost, cause unknown.

The Fokien secessionists have in all some 30 aeroplanes with aerodrome at Yenping (延平), but owing to lack of oil stations in [redacted] Northern Fokien, these aeroplanes so far can only reach as far as Chuchow (衢州), Kinhwa 金華

Fm. 2
G. 35000-1-34

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT
-3-

Date 19

Subject (in full)

Made by Forwarded by

and Wenchow (温州). It is believed that if and when Pucheng (浦城) where the Nationalist Force recently built an aerodrome is captured by the Fokien insurgents, the Fokien aeroplanes will be able to reach Hangchow.

From January 1, 1934, the province of Fokien will be divided into the following four provinces:-

Name of Province	Name of Chairman of the Provincial Government.	Capital	No. of Hsiens under its control
Minghai (閩海)	Ho Kung-kai (何公敢)	Foochow 福州	15 hsiens
Yienchien (延建)	Admiral Sah Tseng-ping (薩鎮冰)	Yienping 延平	16 hsiens
Shingzien (興泉)	General Tai Chi (戴戟)	Chuanchow 泉州	16 hsiens
Loongting (龍汀)	Hsu Yen-chao (許友超)	Changchow 漳州	17 hsiens

The foregoing report was compiled with the assistance of D.S.I. Pan Lien-pin

Sih Tse Liang
D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commr. of Police.
Sir:
Information.
J. P. Guyens
O. i/c S. B.

SI,
Copies have been sent to the usual authorities. Please continue to watch situation, and report again early.
J. P. G.

File
J. P. G.
noted
J. P. G.

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,

Shanghai, 22 : 12 : 1933.

To S.I.

It is reported that boats are being commandeered being Shanghai and Soochow, possibly to be used to convey troops from Soochow and Wusah by water to Chekiang. Please check and report.

This information is requested by V.A.

Ref. 2
G 5000-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S.B. REGISTRY.
File No. D
Date 1/1

S.I. S.B. Station,

REPORT

Date December 27, 1933

Subject (in full) Report of Boats being commandeered between Shanghai and Soochow

Made by D.I. Sih Tse-liang Forwarded by W Duncan DSI

Diligent enquiries made by D.S.I. Pan Lieh-pih and other detectives of S.I. have so far failed to elicit any reliable information relating to the commandering of boats by the Nanking Military Authorities for the purpose of transportation of troops. Passengers arriving at Shanghai North and Shanghai South as well as rice boatmen arriving at the Soochow Creek during the past days have been approached and questioned but they could offer no enlightenment on the matter. As far as can be ascertained arrangements have been made between the Nanking Military Authorities and Chinese steamship companies for the loan of steamers for troop transportation purposes. Although details are lacking, it is learned that some ten steamers are being held in readiness at Nanking, Chinkiang and Wuhu.

It is generally understood that the Nanking Military Authorities are making use of the Nanking-Hangchow bus route for the military movement as this route is quicker than by water or rail. Under its control, the Nanking Military Committee has some 200 motor trucks.

JR

Sih Tse Liang
D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

SI,
Please include useful items in your next survey of the Fukien situation. The ~~survey~~ next survey should also deal with the possibility of towns in Kiangsu and Chekiang being bombed by Fukien aeroplanes.

JR.

JHG

Form 2
G 5000-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
File No. S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D

S.I., S.B. Station,

SECRET & CONFIDENTIAL **REPORT**

Date December 6, 1933

Subject (in full) Military Movement in connection with Fokien Secession

Made by D.I. Sih Tse-liang Forwarded by W H Duncan DSP

Since the declaration of independence and formation of the People's Government in Fokien on November 20, 1933, the Canton Authorities and particularly General Chen Chi-tang, the military leader and dictator of Canton have still been entertaining a friendly feeling towards the 19th Route Army. Although Chen Chi-tang refused to allow the establishment of a People's Government in Kwangtung he continues to provide a monthly remuneration of $200,000.00 to the 19th Route Army so as to smooth the feelings of the insurgents. Consequently possibilities of war between Canton and Fokien for the time being are remote and the transfer of Canton troops to the Northern border of Kwangtung is really a precautionary measure against possible invasion by the "Red Army" or the troops of General Chiang Kai-shek through Kiangsi. The Canton militarists however declare that this troop movement was carried out in compliance with the instruction of the Nanking Government as a measure against Fokien whereby General Chen Chi-tang is expecting to receive a monetary grant from General Chiang Kai-shek.

In view of the secret reconciliation with the Canton Authorities and the informal conclusion of a non-aggressive pact with the "Red Army" in Western Fokien, the Fokien secessionists have no fear of any attack on the south and west. Leaving the garrison duties in South and West Fokien to the so-called People's Self Protection Corps which consists of 10,000 reformed "bandits" under the command of General Hung Chao-wei (翁照垣), now Garrison Commander of Hinghwa (興化), Chuanchow (泉州) and Yungchun (永春), and General Huang Kuo (黄国), Garrison Commander of Amoy

Rec'd 6/12
File

Fm. 2
G 5000-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

.....Station,

REPORT
-2-

Date.....19

Subject (in full) .....

Made by..... Forwarded by.....

and Changchow (漳州), the regular troops of the 19th Route Army hitherto stationed in these parts have all been transferred to Northern Fokien near the Chekiang border. This development undoubtedly threatens Chekiang province and consequently the National Government are still transferring large number of troops from Nanking Area to Chekiang. In addition to the 88th Division which passed through Shanghai by rail to Hangchow during the past week, the 2nd Division now at Nanking will also be mobilized and transferred to reinforce the former division.

According to the plan of the Fokien secessionists Chekiang will be invaded by the following routes:-

(1) East: - Via Futing (福鼎), Fokien to Pingyang (平陽) and Juian (瑞安), Chekiang, in order to attack Wenchow.

(2) West: - Via Pucheng (浦城) to Sien Ya Ling (仙霞嶺), in order to attack Kiangshan (江山), the western terminus of the Hangchow Kiangshan Railway (杭江鉄路).

In order to remove resistance on the East Route, the Fokien Secessionists during November succeeded in persuading Brigadier Liang Lih-zu (梁立柱), Acting for General Lieu Tsung-ngien (劉珍年) as commander of the 21st Division of the National Government, now stationed at Wenchow to sever his allegiance to the National Government. This compromise came to the knowledge of General Chiang who instantly took precautionary measure by arranging with General Loo Tieh-ping (魯滌平), Chairman of the Chekiang Provincial

Fm. 2
G 5000-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

.....Station,

REPORT
-3-

Date.....19

Subject (in full) .....

Made by..... Forwarded by.....

Government to appoint Yao Tsong (姚琮), Deputy Chief of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps as Garrison Commander of Wenchow. On December 1 Yao assumed office at Wenchow and with 2,000 troops of the Special Service Regiment of the Corps is keeping a surveillance over the movement of the 21st Division. It will be recalled that General Lieu Tsung-ngien (劉珍年), Commander of the 21st Division, attempted in November 1932 to extend his authority in Eastern Shantung where at that time his troops were stationed and clashed with the troops of General Han Foh-chu (韓復榘), Chairman of the Shantung Provincial Government. As one of the terms in settlement of the dispute his troops were transferred by order of the National Government to the southern part of Chekiang. During their stay at Wenchow, the 21st Division mutinied several times as a protest against the holding back of their wages by their commander, General Lieu. The latter was also denounced by the people as an oppressor and consequently he was put under arrest by General Loo Tien-ping, Chairman of the Chekiang Provincial Government in about June or July, 1933 and has been kept in custody since.

In order to facilitate military movements the National Government has made the following appointments:-

Name of Officer	New post
General Loo Tieh-ping (魯滌平) Chairman of the Chekiang Provincial Government.	Commander-in-Chief
General Chang Shih-tsong (張治中) Commander of the 5th Army during the Sino-Japanese Hostilities in Shapei in 1932 and at present President of the Central Military Officer Academy.	Commanding Officer of the East Route anti-Rebel forces

Fm. 2
G 5000-11-33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

.....Station,

REPORT

-4-

Date.....19

Subject (in full) .....

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General Chao Kuan-tao 趙觀濤
Commander of the 8th Army — Commanding Officer of the West Route Anti-Rebel forces.

General Yui Tsz-dz (俞濟時)
Chief of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps. — Commanding Officer of Reserve Forces.

A detailed list showing the disposition of troops of the National Government in Chekiang is attached herewith.

It is generally estimated that the fighting power of the forces of the Fokien secessionists excels that of the troops of the National Government who are however afforded better means of communication in Chekiang.

According to arrangements the Chekiang Provincial Government will be responsible for the support of all troops engaged in defending Chekiang against invasion by the Fokien insurgents. Owing to the low state of the provincial treasury, General Loo has negotiated with the Shanghai Chinese banking circles for a loan of $500,000.00. It is learned that the loan contract was signed on December 1 and that $200,000 has already been paid. The remaining sum will be remitted as soon as hostilities break out.

The foregoing report was compiled with the assistance of D.S.I, Pan Lien-pih.

Sih Tse Liang
D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commissioner of Police
Sir,
Information. Copies of this report will be sent to the British, United States and Japanese local Military Authorities.
H. Gimson
O. i/c Sp. Br.
6:12:22

I am making inquiries directly.

LIST OF NATIONALIST TROOPS ALONG CHEKIANG-FOKIEN BORDER

Unit	Strength	Officer Commanding	Place where they are stationed	Remarks
(A) West Route Anti-Rebel Forces		Gen. Chao Kuan Tao (趙觀濤)	With Headquarters at Pucheng (浦城)	There is an aerodrome at Pucheng with 3 bombing planes, 3 pursuit planes and 3 scouting planes. There are all six fortified out-posts.
6th Division	10,000	Gen. Chow Ngai (周碞)	-do-	
4th Division	10,000	Ying Tseng Nan (邢震南)	Chuchow (衢州) and Kiangshan (江山).	
79th Division	10,000	Gen. Wang Ching-wen (王錦文)	Soong-chi (松溪) in Fokien.	
(B) East Route Anti-Rebel Forces		Gen. Chang Shih-tsoong (張治中)	With Headquarters at Wenchow (温州).	There are 4 fortified outposts. The gunboats "Funing" (撫寧) and "Kiangtsun" (江貞) are lying off the shore.
2nd Division	10,000	Gen. Yang Chih (楊杰)	Wenchow (温州), Juian (瑞安) and Pingyang. 平陽	(The transfer of these troops from Nanking has not yet been affected)
21st Division	12,000	Gen. Liang Lih-dz (梁立柱)	Wenchow and Taishun (泰順).	
Special Service Regiment of Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps.	2,000	Brigadier Yao Tsoong (姚琮)	Wenchow.	

Unit	Strength	Officer Commanding	Place where they are stationed	Remarks
(C) Forces in Reserve		Gen. Yui Chi Dz (俞濟時)	Lanchi (蘭谿). An aerodrome is being constructed here.	
88th Division	10,000	Gen. Sung Liang Yuen (孫良元)	Chuchow (處州), Yungkong (永康), Lanchi (蘭谿) and Kinhwa (金華).	
1st Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps.	1,500	Colonel Chen Shh-Tsung (陳式正)	Lungyu (龍游).	
3rd Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps.	1,500	-do-	-do-	
The 45th Independent Brigade	4,000	Brigadier Chang Luen Ki (張鑾基)	Ching-yuen (慶元)	

S.1, Special Branch

SECRET & CONFIDENTIAL

November 30, 33.

Fokien Secession Movement - Secret Activities in Shanghai.

D. S. Mac Adie

It is secretly learned that the "Fokien People's Government" has appointed the following persons to undertake uprising tasks in Kiangsu, Chekiang and Anhwei as soon as the Fokien armies have captured Sien Yah Ling (仙霞嶺), a pass between Fokien and Chekiang :-

	Appointment
Fang Ting-ying (方廷英), ex-Commander of the 54th Division and the 29th Army of the National Force.	Commander-in-Chief of the Eastern Route Front Army. (Note : The Eastern Route here means Kiangsu, Chekiang and Anhwei).
Chow Feng-chi (周風岐), ex-Commander of the 26th Army of the National Force.	Commander of the 1st Route in Chekiang.
Fang Ting-ying	Concurrently Commander of the 2nd Route in Kiangsu.
Li Tseng-yah (李振亞), an ex-Divisional Commander under Marshal Sung Chuan-fang (孫傳芳).	Commander of the 3rd Route in Anhwei.
Chang Ming-lih (張民立), ex-Commander-in-Chief of the defunct "People's National Salvation Army" in the North East.	Officer responsible for assembling men in the southern part of Kiangsu.
Ma Ngoeh-jen (馬玉仁), ex-Divisional Commander in Kiangpeh.	Officer responsible for assembling men in the northern part of Kiangsu.
Huang Yah-chiao (黃亞樵), former Chief of the local Bureau of Public Safety. Wanted by the Nanking Authorities for conspiring assassination of T.V. Soong, etc.	Officer responsible for assembling men in Anhwei.

Fang Ting-ying, Li Tseng-yah and Chang Ming-lih are in Shanghai. Their activities are confined to holding meetings in boarding houses in the French Concession, rooms in which they have rented for that purpose.

It is further learned that they have assigned one Ho Ming-one (何光瑀), an ex-Commander of the North Eastern Volunteer Armies, to Fokien as their representative.

It is worthy of note that Chang Ming-lih (張民立), referred to above, has recently established a "Zu Shing Chemical Industrial Association (聚興化學工業社) with an office at 593 Rue Lafayette with the ostensible object of employing ex-officers and men of anti-Japanese armies as sales agents for the products of a factory to be formed in Shanghai (Vide attached extract from the Intelligence Report dated 22/11/33). According to the plan of the Association, the members apart from factory work will undergo military training and carry out propaganda in favour of "resistance against insult from external sources". It is ascertained that no less than 60 ex-officers and men have registered with the Association.

No activities of supporters of the Fokien Secession Movement have come to notice in the Settlement.

D. S.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Extract from the Intelligence Report dated 22/11/33

Ex-Officers of the Anti-Japanese Army - Offered employment IN Chemical Industrial Association

A Chemical Industrial Association with an office at 593 Rue Lafayette recently came into existence with the object of giving employment to ex-officers of the anti-Japanese armies who are in straitened circumstances. The promoter is one named Chang Ming-lih (張民立), who claims to be a close associate of General Li Du (李杜), wellknown anti-Japanese general in the North East. This Association which is in the nature of a business concern is manufacturing face cream and tooth powder and offers to any ex-officer who can prove his identity employment as a sales agent. Some twenty-ex-officers have so far registered their names with the Association.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
S. B. RECEIVED
No. D
Date

TRANSLATION FROM FRENCH POLICE REPORT DATED JUNE 14, 1934.

The Canton Government issues a warrant for the arrest of GASTON WANG AND his consorts.

According to a Hongkong telegram dated June 11, 1934, the Provincial Government of Kwantung has issued a warrant for the arrest of General GASTON WANG (WANG CHIANG) (黄强), HU TSIEU YUAN (胡秋原), member of the Social Democrats' Party (see our report dated 29.3.34), etc. altogether 105 persons, who are accused of having taken an active part in the coup d'etat of Fukien.

C.S. S.B.

Information.

DBR 14/6

FM.

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE.
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Shanghai, April 25, 1934

To D. C. Special Branch

Sir,

Herewith one copy of translation of French Intelligence report.

Clerical Assistant,
S 2

S1
See phone to FILE
Seen

EXTRACTS FROM FRENCH POLICE INTELLIGENCE REPORT.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. RECORDS.
No. D
Date / /

April 24, 1934.

Activities of the Social-Democrat Party.

We are informed that the following members of the Social-Democrat Party have recently arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong:

Yu Sing Tsing (俞心清), one of the promoters of the Fukien coup d'etat, and who represented the interests of Feng Yu Hsiang in the now dissolved Fukien Government;

Wang Heng Chang (王恒昌), who is leaving for Szechuen after a short stay in Shanghai on a secret mission on behalf of General Chen Ming Shu;

Tsi Chi Zah (漆其石).

Confidential Drawer

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 20/2/34.

February 20,1934. Afternoon Translation.

granted to workers who are promoted and received an increase for the promotion.

7) That action be taken against Moo Heng (莫衡), Chief of the General Affairs Department, for having injured the Kuomintang Government, impaired the labour movement of the workers and committed fraud.

8) That the former system in force before August 1931 relating to leave of absence of workers be re-introduced.

9) That free train tickets be granted to workers and their families by the officials of all stations and not only by the Administration Headquarters.

China Times (Telegraphic Reports):

D 5501

CANTONESE TROOPS WITHDRAW FROM FUKIEN

As the situation in Fukien has become normal, General Chen Chi Tang, the Kwangtung Warlord, has decided to withdraw the Cantonese army from West Fukien and to leave the districts thus vacated to be garrisoned by the National troops.

On February 19, when the Butterfield & Swire S.S. "Hupeh" arrived in Hongkong from Fukien, it was reported that General Tsai Ting-kai, former Commander of the 19th Route Army and one of the rebel leaders in the Fukien Separatist Movement, disembarked alone and later boarded a train for Kulung.

China Times (Nanking Telegrams):

PANCHEN LAMA WILL BECOME MEMBER OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

Panchen Lama has been appointed a member of the Committee of the National Government and will assume office at 10 a.m. on February 20.

JAPANESE MINISTER IS EXPECTED IN NANKING

Mr. Ariyoshi, Japanese Minister to China, is expected to arrive in Nanking on February 20.

The purpose of his visit is to call on Mr.Wang Ching-wei, President of the Executive Yuan, and other Government leaders to discuss questions concerning China and Japan. He will stay in the Capital for a few days before returning to Japan.

Another report states that there is no truth that Mr. Ariyoshi would negotiate on various outstanding Sino-Japanese questions.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

TRUNK MURDER CASE: PORTUGUESE SENTENCED TO 20 YEARS

After Patricio Remedios and Jose Remedios, two Portuguese, were escorted to Macao in connection with the trunk murder case in Shanghai, the former was found "not guilty" and later released.

On February 19 Jose Remedios was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment.

CONFIDENTIAL

Drawer

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 17/2/34

February 17, 1934. Morning Translation.

Central China Daily News and other local newspapers:

FACTORY INVESTIGATION.

Investigations regarding all factories in the International Settlement, the French Concession, Kiangwan, Chengju and Yingziang were made by the Social Bureau on the following lines:-

1. Name of factory.
2. Address.
3. Name of manager.
4. Products.
5. Capital.
6. Types of machinery.
7. Number of workers, male and female, child workers and apprentices.

Regarding the factories located in the Pootung district, investigations are being conducted by officials of the Factory Inspection Section of the Bureau and will be completed within one week.

Ta Mei Wan Pao dated Feb. 16:

SOLDIERS OF THE 19TH ROUTE ARMY.

According to reports from the authorities concerned, a number of soldiers of the 19th Route Army arrived at Shanghai on February 12. Each of them was granted a certain sum of money and a ticket to enable him to proceed to his native place under police escort.

All junior officers of the Army escorted to Shanghai were well treated by the authorities before being sent to Loyang to be trained at the Central Military Training School.

China Times (Telegraphic Reports):

Information secured from military quarters indicates that the military authorities have decided to transfer the reorganized 19th Route Army to Honan for training under General Liu Chih. The 78th Division of the 19th Route Army yesterday passed through Nanking on its way to Honan, while the 49th, the 60th, and the 61st Divisions are in Fukien awaiting transport.

Ta Mei Wan Pao dated Feb. 16:

STUDENTS RELEASED.

During the Fokien rebellion, local Chinese authorities were informed that many students had been bribed by the Fokien authorities to create disturbances. Upon receipt of this information, all suspected students in local universities were arrested.

It is learned that most of the arrested students have now been set free by the authorities.

D.5501

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 27/1/34

January 27, 1934. Morning Translation.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

FUKIEN REBELS ENTIRELY DEFEATED

The 19th Route Army at Chienchow has been completely defeated and is awaiting re-organization by the Central Government.

General Chiang Kai Shek is proceeding to Fukien and the people there are making preparations to welcome him.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 25/1/34

January 25, 1934. Afternoon Translation.

As the managements have refused to accept their request, the Canton First District Ordure Coolies Union on January 23 held a meeting at which it was resolved to make further appeals to the local Tangpu and other political organs requesting them to conduct negotiations.

Central China Daily News and other local newspapers:

DISPUTE AT CHINAN UNIVERSITY.

The Ministry of Education has decided to detail Zung Hoong-nien, President of the Chinan University, to study the educational conditions at South Seas. Sung Bang-fei will administer the affairs of the University.

It is reported that a general meeting of students will be convened tomorrow at which the dispute will be discussed. It is understood that the measures drawn up by the Ministry are regarded as satisfactory by the students, and the proposal that Sung Bang-fei will be appointed President of the University has been welcomed.

Interviewed yesterday by our reporter, Zung Hoong-nien stated that he had sent a telegram to greet Sung Bang-fei. Those teachers to whom the students objected have tendered their resignations.

It is reported that Sung Bang-fei will come to Shanghai and take over the post at the end of this month.

The Eastern Times and other local newspapers publish the following telegraphic reports -

THE REORGANIZATION OF THE REBEL ARMY

The Nationalist Army has not advanced further since surrounding Chuanchow City on January 22. General Chiang Tin Wen has submitted the following proposals to General Chiang Kai Shek for the re-organization of the rebel army:-

1. That military officers above the rank of battalion commanders be discharged and with their families repatriated to Canton.
2. That those soldiers who are unwilling to join the Central Authorities be discharged.

These proposals have been accepted by General Chiang Kai Shek who instructed General Chiang Tin Wen to give the rebels 3 days in which to give a definite reply. A general attack will be launched if no reply is received within three days.

Some 8,000 soldiers of the rebel force are now surrounded in Chuanchow. They are negotiating for surrender with the Nationalist Army. Chuanchow City will soon be taken over.

On January 24, General Chen Chi Tang of Canton sent a telephone message to General Tai Chi requesting him to proceed to Fukien immediately to undertake the re-organization work of the 19th Route Army. General Tai

D5501

January 25, 1934. Afternoon Translation

requested that (1) Canton should promise to subsidize the 19th Route Army and (2) Generals Chiang Kwang Nai and Tsai Tin Kai be requested to leave the Army.

It is learned that Generals Chiang Kwang Nai Chen Min Chu, Li Chi Seng and Tsai Tin Kai will proceed to Hongkong via Formasa.

Chen Yi, the newly appointed Chairman of the Fukien Provincial Government will proceed to Fukien on January 25.

Shun Pao and other local newspapers

PANCHEN ARRIVES AT NANKING

Panchen Lama arrived at Nanking at 1 p.m. January 24. He was welcomed by some 2,000 officials.

Min Pao (Comment)

GOLDEN CASH FIRE CRACKERS

Some time ago, the newspapers recorded two accidents resulting from the explosion of gunpowder.

In the making of golden cash fire crackers, explosives are employed, which will burst if they are not carefully handled. For the safety of the community, the manufacture of golden cash fire crackers should be prohibited.

Apart from making much noise, the golden cash fire crackers have nothing to recommend them. They are used by people in lanes and side streets, who throw them to frighten pedestrians. This is another reason for the prohibition of their manufacture.

The golden cash fire cracker is only a plaything for children. It is simply a waste of good money to buy these fireworks.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

LAND TAX.

The land tax is being collected in Nantao and Chapei. In the Poo Soong and the Fah Hwa Districts, the tax will be collected on March 1.

The majority of land owners in Chapei and Nantao paid the tax, while a small number of them some days ago petitioned the Shanghai City Government to exempt them from payment.

A spokesman of the City Government states that the land tax must be levied.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 24/1/34.

D.C. (RIME)

January 24,1934. Afternoon Translation

The Shun Pao and other local newspapers publish the following telegraphic reports:-

THE SUPPRESSION OF THE FUKIEN REBELS

The Nationalist Army advanced to the famous Loyang Bridge near Chuanchow in Southern Fukien on January 23. The rebels are now beseized from three sides in Chuanchow City, and are negotiating for surrender. It is learned that the Central authorities will dismiss all military officers above the rank of batallion commanders from the 19th Route Army.

Seng Kwang Han, Chu Shao Nien and Chang Yien, Divisional Commanders of the 19th Route Army, issued a circular telegram of repentance after they had been surrounded by the Nationalist Army.

Chen Min Chu, Li Chi Seng and Chiang Kwang Nai left Chuanchow on January 21 and proceeded to Lungyien via Changchow. Changchow soon fell into the hands of the Nationalist Army following the capture of Chuanchow.

After the collapse of the People's Government Eugene Chen, Hwang Chiang, George Hsu Chien, and many other rebels have made good their escape to Hongkong and other places.

According to information received from Nanchang Military Headquarters, Teng Sze Tsen was killed and General Tsai Tin Kai and George Hsu Chien were injured during the bombing of the Rebels' Military Headquarters. by the air force of the Central authorities.

Min Pao(Nanking telegram):-

PANCHEN LAMA ARRIVES AT NANKING

Panchen Lama left Peiping for Nanking on January 22. He will arrive at Pukow at 1 p.m. to-day. Ling Seng and other high Government officials will welcome him after attending the 4th Plenary Session in the morning.

Min Pao and other local newspapers:

MEETING OF SZECHUEN RED DISTRICT SUFFERERS RELIEF SOCIETY

At a meeting held at 2 p.m. January 22 by the Szechuen Red District sufferers Relief Society the following resolutions were passed :-

1. That funds be remitted for the relief of sufferers at Zeng Ching and Huh Chun, Szechuen.
2. That a petition be submitted to the 4th Plenary Congress, requesting that relief be afforded to the sufferers in Szechuen.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 22 / 1 / 34.

January 22, 1934. Afternoon Translation.

Sin Wan Pao and other local newspapers:

BOATMEN DETAINED FOR THROWING GARBAGE FROM THE SETTLEMENT INTO THE WHANGPOO.

At 8 p.m. January 20, 8 boat loads of garbage were conveyed from the International Settlement to the vicinity of Lunghwa and the garbage was thrown into the Whangpoo River.

The Water Police of the Bureau of Public Safety detained the launch Kiang Yuen (江元), the 8 garbage boats and 9 boat men.

When questioned, the boat men stated that they were acting under instructions when they threw the garbage into the river.

In addition to detaining the launch and the garbage boats, Chu Hai San (朱海山), Chief of the Water Police of the Bureau of Public Safety, has ordered that the name of the man who had directed the boat men to throw the garbage into the river be ascertained.

The 9 boat men have been sent to the Bureau of Public Safety.

Sin Wan Pao and other local newspapers (Amoy telegram):

FOKIEN SECESSION MOVEMENT.

Generals Sung Kwang Han, Mo Vee Zeu, Eur Zeu Nien and Chang Yien, Divisional Commanders of the 19th Route Army, on January 21 sent out a circular telegram announcing the suspension of military activities and surrender to the Central Government. They have appointed General Tai Chi, ex-Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner, to take over the control of the 19th Route Army.

CONFIDENTIAL
DRAWER

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D
Date / /

THE CHINA PRESS, SUNDAY, JANUARY 14, 1934

Kan Kang-fu Of McGill Is Held By Police

Well-Known Professor Arrested In Nanking As Rebellion Agitator

Dr. Kan Kang-fu, noted Chinese scholar who was connected with McGill University, Canada, is detained at Nanking after having been arrested by military authorities there on charges of being affiliated with the so-called Social Democratic Party engineering the revolt in Fukien.

The noted scholar was arrested Thursday night a few hours after he came home from a dinner party given in his honor by Mr. Wang Ching-wei, president of the Executive Yuan.

According to Chinese advices from Nanking yesterday, the military authorities in Nanking are conducting a thorough investigation into the charges, which, while described as not serious, will cause him to remain in custody for a few days.

Dr. Kan's daughter, who has accompanied her father on his return to China and his lecture trip to Peiping and Nanking, has asked Mr. Wang Ching-wei to exert his influence in effecting her father's release.

The arrest of the prominent professor is a great surprise to his hosts of friends in China as well as in Canada and the United States. During the last few years, he taught Chinese philosophy at McGill University.

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For see & thereafter
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SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 15/1/34

January 15, 1934. Afternoon Translation

Shun Pao (Amoy telegram):-

NAVAL AUTHORITIES MAINTAIN ORDER AT FOOCHOW

The Chinese Navy captured Foochow on the night of January 13. Admiral Chen Shao Kwang, Minister of the Navy, entered Foochow City on the morning of January 14. Order is now being maintained by the naval authorities.

General Chen Min Chu, Li Chi Seng and Tsai Tin Kai arrived at Chuangchow by aeroplane on January 13. The rebel army has now withdrawn to the area around Chuangchow.

(Nanking telegrams):- Chen Yi will be appointed chairman of the Fukien Provincial Government. He will receive instructions from General Chiang Kai Shek. The Fukien Provincial Government will temporarily be established at Yien Ping.

The Ministry of Communications informed the Navigation Bureau, the China Steam Navigation Company and the Navigation Trade Association on January 14 that navigation between Fukien and other ports was now safe.

(Hongkong telegram):- A British cruiser arrived at Foochow in the morning of January 14 to protect the British residents. According to information received from Foochow, 200 Japanese marines landed at Foochow on the same day.

(Foochow telegram):- Two detachments of the Japanese landing marines landed in the evening of January 12. The Commander of the Japanese Landing Party issued a notice stating that the landing was a temporary measure for the protection of the Japanese people.

South-west Army To Enter Fukien To-day

(Hongkong telegram):- The Kwangtung and Kwangsi Provincial Authorities will order their armies to proceed to Fukien to-day. (January 15).

The Canton Office of the 19th Route Army has been sealed up.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

OFFICE OF MIDDLE SCHOOL TEACHERS FEDERATION TO REMOVE.

The office of the Middle School Teachers Federation, which is located in Room No. 502 on the fourth floor of the Silk Bank building, Hankow Road, will remove in a few days to the premises of the Shanghai Bank at West Gate.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
D. REGISTRY
5501
Date 15/1/34

January 15, 1934.

Political (3)

of various steamship companies have registered with the office. Arrangements have been made to hold an inaugural meeting at the office this morning, January 15.

"Society to Eradicate Humiliation After the Disaster" contributes for the comfort of the troops engaging in Anti-Bandits Campaign

The "Society to Eradicate Humiliation After the Disaster", 14 Woo Ming Faung, Sinkiang Road, Chapei, which was organized by local Kuomintang members (Vide I.R. 5/1/34), sent on January 13 a sum of $50.00 to Mayor Wu Tieh-chen and asked him to remit the fund for the comfort of the soldiers now engaged in the Anti-Bandit Campaign.

Fokien Secession Movement - meeting of Pootung gentry

D 5501

Some 18 members of the Pootung gentry held a meeting at 168 Tung Chong Road, Pootung, between 3 p.m. and 4 p.m. January 14. Yang Loo-yih (楊魯一), a teacher of the Chen Sz (陳氏) Primary School, Police Station Road, Pootung, presided and delivered a speech censuring Chen Ming-chu (陳銘樞) and Li Chi-sung (李濟深) for conspiring against the Kuomintang and the Chinese nation. It was decided that General Chiang Kai-shek be requested to despatch a punitive drive to suppress the rebellion in Fokien.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 13 / 1 / 34

January 13, 1934. Morning Translation.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

D 5501

FOKIEN REBELS SUPPRESSION MEETING.

At 10 a.m. yesterday the Chinese Seamen's Special Tangpu held a Fokien rebels suppression meeting. Some 100 persons representing various local seamen's bodies were present.

The following resolutions were passed:-

1) That a telegram be sent out to comfort the officers and men at the front who are attacking the Fokien rebels and to urge them to defeat the rebels.

2) That a circular be addressed to seamen throughout the country notifying them to support the Government rebels suppression forces.

The following slogans were shouted at the meeting:-

1) Support the Central Government in exterminating the rebels, Chen Ming-shu and Li Chi-sen!

2) Support the Central Government in suppressing the reactionary elements in Fokien!

3) Overthrow the rebel People's Government!

4) Support the Chinese Kuomintang!

The circular to be addressed to seamen throughout the country is as follows:-

"Since the September 18 and the January 28 Incidents, national calamities have occurred and the bandit terror has increased daily. The people are facing ruin. At the present stage when the Government forces are intent upon the bandit-Communist suppression campaign, the rebellion in Fokien has broken out. The rebels including Chen Ming-shu and Li Chi-sen, taking advantage of the fact that the Government is facing civil war and foreign aggression, gathered reactionary elements of the Chinese Communist Party, the Third Party and the Social Democratic Party and formed the People's Government. Not only did they destroy the portrait of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen and change the national flag, but they conspired with Japan and signed illegal treaties. Furthermore, they concluded a loan agreement, united with the Communists, entered into a military alliance with them and hindered the Government bandit-Communist suppression campaign.

"We must urge the Central Government to exterminate the rebels in Fokien."

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

STATEMENT REGARDING ARREST OF JAPANESE AT WOOSUNG CONTRADICTED.

Several days ago, a certain local Chinese newspaper published a report that Japanese disguised as hunters were arrested by Chinese soldiers for entering the Woosung Forts and the Lion Forts. The report continued that as a result of negotiations made by the local Japanese Consulate with the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters, the Japanese were later released.

Inquiries made by our reporter from the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters show that the above report is untrue.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
January 13, 1934

Political (2)

the return from the Japanese Authorities of Kin Chek to the Chinese Judicial Authorities to be dealt with. Mr. Yu Hung-chun (俞鴻鈞), Secretary to the Mayor, who received them, informed the visitors that the matter had been referred to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and promised to request the Ministry once more to accelerate negotiations with the Japanese Authorities.

Anti-Fokien Secession Movement - Activities of the Chinese Seamen's Special Kuomintang

D 5501

Under the auspices of the Chinese Seamen's Special Kuomintang, some 40 Chinese claiming to represent local seamen's bodies and Kuomintang members held a meeting in the Seamen's Special Tangpu, Tai Zuan Li, Shao Kya Road, West Gate, between 9.30 a.m. and 11 a.m. January 12. Speeches supporting the anti-Fokien Secession Movement were made and decisions were reached to issue telegrams encouraging the men and officers engaged in the anti-Fokien secession campaign and exhorting the public to support the movement.

Observance of "January 28" Anniversary

At a committee meeting held on January 12, the local Kuomintang Headquarters, Ling Ting Road, West Gate, decided to convene a memorial meeting at 9 a.m. January 28 in the new premises of the Tangpu in the former Administration Building of the Municipality, off Route Ghisi. It was also resolved to request the China Aviation Cooperative Association to assign aeroplanes to distribute

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 11 / 1 / 34

January 11,1934. Morning Translation

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

PANIC REIGNS IN FOOCHOW

Since the occupation of Yien Ping by the Nationalist Army, the people at Foochow have become panic-stricken.

The Fukien rebels are now building defences around Foochow. The wealthy citizens of Foochow have left for Hongkong or Shanghai. Business at Foochow is almost completely suspended.

For the past two months, only the s.s. Chieh Seng of the Indo-China Steamship Company and three steamers of the Osaka Steamship Company have been plying between Shanghai and Foochow. A deck passage on the s.s. Chieh Seng costs $50 and a cabin $40 extra. Formerly a deck passage was $7. The compradore of the s.s. Chieh Seng makes a profit of $2,000 on each journey

A large quantity of provisions have been transported to Foochow. The s.s. Chieh Seng also conveyed 400 refugees to Shanghai on her last trip. It is estimated that thousands of people have fled to Shanghai, Hongkong, and Amoy.

Central China Daily News and other local newspapers:

Precautionary Measures to Forestall Activities of Fokien Agents.

The 200 reactionaries employed by the bogus organisation (Fokien Government) are either members of the Third Party, or the Communist Party or aderents of Generals Lee Tsi-sun and Chen Min-hsu. They have been commissioned to create disturbances in the provinces of Kiangsu and Chekiang, especially in Shanghai, Nanking, Hangchow and other hsiens on the border of the Chekiang Province. They will obstruct transportation and spread rumours. It is reported that these reactionaries will arrive at Shanghai by steamers disguised as merchants and labourers.

Upon learning of this, Colonel Wen Hoong-en, Chief of the Public Safety Bureau, ordered the various subordinate police stations to adopt strict precautionary measures on the boundaries of various districts and assistance will also be rendered by the Peace Preservation Corps of the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters and the various district volunteers corps. Commercial stores and private residences will be searched and the Settlement Police authorities are requested to search hotels and boarding houses in the Settlement.

Search parties will be conducted at the following points:-

1. The North Railway Station and Paoshan Road intersection.
2. The platforms at the South Railway Station.
3. All wharves and jetties.
4. The Hungjao and the Lunghwa Aerodromes where the passengers will be searched by detectives and inspectors of the Public Safety Bureau.

C. S. 720

D.C. (C.R.E.)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C.I.D. SPECIAL BRANCH
No. D 5501
1934

January 4. 4.

Political

Movement of Notables

To Nanking

Departed at 11 p.m. January 3rd :-

Waung Ching-wei, President of the Administrative Yuan.

Huang Shao-yung, Minister of Interior.

Tseng Zoong-ming, Vice Minister of Railways.

Chu Ming-nyi, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.

Wong Loh-yih, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.

Too Dz-ling, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.

Pro-Fokien Secession Slogans in Pootung

D5501

The following slogans were found chalked on walls of houses on Tseng Siu Road (寰修路), Yang Ka Doo, Pootung, at 6 p.m. January 3 :-

Down with the traitorous Kuomintang !

Down with Chiang Kai-shek !

Eliminate the running dogs of Imperialists !

Support the Fokien People's Government !

Welcome the Anti-Japanese General Tsai Ting-kia !

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER
JAN 4
CRIME BRANCH

China Aviation Cooperative Association - French Concession office removed

The Members Canvassing Office i.e. contribution collecting centre of the China Aviation Cooperative Association, 2nd floor, Chinese Y.M.C.A. Building, 123 Boulevard de Montigny, was on December 31, 1933 removed to its general office at 99 Jessfield Road.

No. D 5501
Date 31 12

December 31, 1933. Morning Translation.

Sin Wan Pao publishes the following telegraphic reports:

FIGHTING BETWEEN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND FOKIEN.

Serious fighting has taken place between the troops of the Central Govenment and those of the Fokien rebels along Tseng Wu and Ping Nan.

The troops of the Central Government are attacking Yien Ping from all sides.

Admiral Chen Shao Kwei, Minister of Navy, states that a general naval offensive against the Fokien rebels will commence shortly.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. & R. GROUP
No. D 5501
Date 30 12 33.

December 30, 1933. Morning Translation.

MISCELLANEOUS

MAINICHI

GEORGE HSU CHIEN KILLED

A Foochow telegram dated December 28 reports that George Hsu Chien, President of the Legislative Yuen of the Fukien Government, was killed at his home on December 24 by a bomb dropped from an aeroplane of the Central Government. The report is not yet verified.

NICHI-NICHI

DUTIES OF JAPANESE CONSULAR POLICE

The officers of the Korean Section and the Formosan Section of the Special Branch of the Japanese Consular Police have been assigned to observe the movements of Koreans and Formosans during the new year holidays.

NIPPO

MANCHURIANS TO VISIT SHANGHAI

It is reported that about 100 Manchurians will come to Shanghai on January 1 by the S.S. Hoan Maru.

No. D 5501

December 30, 30

Naval

Naval Movements

Rear Admiral Chen Hsiung-yung (陳紹勇) arrived at Kaochongmiao from Woosung at 5 p.m. December 29 by the Coastal Defence Gunboat "Hai Ou". At 11 p.m. the same day, Rear Admiral Chen Chi-liang, Commander of the 1st Squadron left Kaochongmiao by the same boat for Woosung.

D5501

It is learned that Rear Admiral Chen Chi-liang will proceed to Fokien by the cruiser "Haichow" in company with the gunboat "Ninghai" and the training cruiser "Ying Sui" while Rear Admiral Chen Hsiung-yung will take Admiral Chen Chi-liang's post as Officer-in-Charge of local naval affairs.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. D. R. CENTRE.
No. D 5501
Date 30/12/33

December 30, 1933.

Political (2)

Concession) will also convene a celebration meeting of Kuomintang members in its office, 434 Rue Auguste Boppe at 1 p.m.

The Chinese Y.M.C.A. will hold a celebration meeting in the Wu Si Kung Tse (伊西公社), 4199 Robison Road, at 2 p.m. on the same day.

A dinner party of members of the Huchow Club, numbering some 50, will be held in the Club, 263 Kweichow Road, at 12 noon on January 1, 1934.

The majority of local Chinese shops are expected to observe New Year's Day as a holiday.

"Association of local Western Fokien Bodies to save their native place" - new body formed

D5501

The abovementioned new body with a communication address at the residence of Woo Yoeh-wen (吳郁文), one of the promoters, 73 Moulmein Road, came into existence on December 28. An inaugural meeting was held at 4 p.m. on that day in the Vee Yah (味雅) Cantonese Restaurant, 473 Foochow Road. Some 12 persons claiming to represent Fokienese bodies in Shanghai were present.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. B. R. SECTION
No. D 5501
Date 29 / 12 / 33.

December 29, 1933. Afternoon Translation

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

D5501

HOSTILITIES ON CHEKIANG BORDER

A Hangchow telegram states that two aeroplanes have been sent to observe the movements of the rebel troops. General Seng Kwang Han's army is concentrated at Sun Tai.

More Fukien troops were seen marching towards Chekiang from Ching Yuen. The coast line on North Fukien is now occupied by the landing party of the Central Army. Severe battles have been fought at Chieng Ou.

According to an important official of the Central Government, the Fukien rebels are not strong enough to start an offensive.

Another Hangchow telegram states that the Fukien rebels have concluded an agreement with the Communists. It is reported that a large stock of goods and provisions have been sent from Amoy for the Communists.

According to a Nanchang telegram, Sun Chan Hsien in Fukien has been recovered by the Central Army.

The Fukienese Native Place Salvation Federation Formed

The various local organizations of Western Fukienese have organized a Native Place Salvation Federation which was formally inaugurated at 3 p.m. yesterday in the Ve Yia Cantonese Restaurant, Foochow Road.

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

TELEPHONE CONNECTION WITH NEW CIVIC CENTRE

The Shanghai Telephone Bureau of the Ministry of Communications connected the lines between the new Civic Centre and the Settlement at 6 a.m. yesterday.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. B. DIGEST
No. D 5501
22 / 12 / 33

2

December 22, 1933. Afternoon Translation

'On December 15, a fine of $10 was imposed by Judge Teng at the First Special District Court on one of our members, and the Judge also ordered that a license be taken out. We have retained the services of two lawyers and appealed against the decision.

'We send you this letter in the hope that you will make known the contents to the public and render assistance in our struggle for the abolition of the tax.'"

Sin Wan Pao and other local newspapers:

OPPOSITION TO THE INCREASE IN THE BOARDING HOUSE TAX.

The Chinese Ratepayers Association of the French Concession received the following letter from the Shanghai Boarding House Keepers Association:-

"Some time ago, we wrote you a letter requesting you to lodge a protest with the French Municipal Council in connection with an increase in the amount of the tax levied on three members of our Association, the Central, the Dah Dong and the Sin Tu Boarding Houses.

"We are at a loss to understand why the French Municipal Council should have increased the tax, for the three boarding houses have done nothing against the law.

"Since the authorization of the increase by the French Municipal Council, the tax has been collected for two months. Should you not take up the matter strongly with the French authorities, the tax for the third month will be collected.

"The duty of your Association is to protect the interests of the Chinese residents in the Concession. We would therefore request you to continue the efforts toward securing the abolition of the increase."

It is understood that the Ratepayers Association has addressed another communication to the French Municipal Council pressing for a definite answer to the request already submitted.

Min Pao and other local newspapers:

REPORT CONCERNING FUKIEN GOVERNMENT AGENTS AT SHANGHAI DENIED.

D 5501

On December 20, the local Japanese newspapers published a report that Tsang Hsiang (張襄), the former Chief-of-Staff of the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters and one named Zao (趙), Chief of the "Base Office" of the 19th Route Army, have been detailed by the Fukien Government to conduct activities in Shanghai.

When interviewed by a reporter of the Min Yien News Agency at his residence, Mr. Tsang denied these allegations and stated that prior to the Fukien movement he left here for Fukien to visit his relatives and friends there and returned here immediately after the commencement of the Fukien movement and that since then he has lived quietly. He added that he does not communicate with any one at Fukien.

In conclusion, he said that the allegations published in the Japanese newspapers were groundless and that there was no one by the name of Zao in the 19th Route Army.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 21 / 12 / 33

7

December 21, 1933. Afternoon Translation.

China Times and other local newspapers (Nanking telegram):

THE DEATH OF DALAI LAMA.

The Thibet Office at Nanking has received a telegram reporting the death of the Dalai Lama and stating that Sz Luen, the Finance Commissioner, and Kuh Auh, the Political Commissioner, are now responsible for the administration of Thibet.

The Nanking Thibet Office has sent a telegram to Sz Luen and Kuh Auh urging them to instruct officers and men of the Thibetan Armies not to resort to any military activities pending instructions from the Central Government.

An officer of the Nanking Thibet Office states that should an infant be born in Thibet at the time of the death of the Dalai Lama, he will be the Lama's successor according to the customs of Thibet.

The will of the Dalai Lama vigorously advocates Buddhism and condemns Catholicism and other religions. Sz Luen and Kuh Auh are instructed to act in compliance with the will of the Lama and continue to support the Central Government.

The representative of Thibet at Nanking has submitted a report on the death of the Dalai Lama to the Administrative Yuan and the Mongolian & Thibetan Affairs Committee.

It is reported that the Central Government will discuss the Thibetan question at a meeting to be held on December 21.

Sin Wan Pao and other local newspapers:

LOCAL SILK FILATURES BANKRUPT.

Owing to trade depression, all local silk filatures have suspended operations, throwing more than 50,000 female workers out of employment.

The workers have appealed to the local Kuomintang and other Chinese political organs for relief.

Shun Pao (Nanking telegram):-

FUKIEN REBELS PLAN DISTURBANCES IN SHANGHAI AND HANGCHOW

D 5501

According to information secured from military circles, the Fukien rebels have organized three groups to create disturbances in Hangchow and Shanghai.

Ying Yi Chung, a disciple of the notorious Communist leader Peng Tek Huai, has been appointed Secretary-General of the Propaganda Department of the organization. He is now in Shanghai planning to conduct activities.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 21 12 33

D.C.

December 21

Political

Movement of Notables

To Nanking

Departed at 11 p.m. December 20 :-

Lieu Vee Ts, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.

From Nanking

Arrived at 7.30 a.m. December 21 :-

Tseng Zoong-ming, Vice Minister of Railways.

D 5501

Fokien Secession movement

Radio Station established by Fokien Rebel raided and apparatus handed over to Chinese Authorities

A military radio station which was established by General Li Chi-sen during his tenure of office as Ministry of War, at No.11 Boo Jah Faung, Avenue Bubail, was raided by the French Police at the instance of the local Bureau of Public Safety, at 6 p.m. December 5. The case was brought before the 2nd Special District Court on December 6 which ordered that the apparatus of the station be handed over to the Chinese Authorities. At 4 p.m. December 19, all apparatus was removed to the Public Safety Bureau.

This radio station is alleged to have been in communication with the Fokien rebels since the secession movement.

KMB

SHANGHAI [illegible]
C. I. S. S. P. [illegible]
No. D 5501
20 12 33

3

December 20, 1933. Afternoon Translation

because the present one is too small to accomodate the prisoners.

The Court has requested the superior organ to appropriate $50,000 for the construction purpose.

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

D 5501

FUKIEN REBELS ESTABLISH RADIO STATION IN SHANGHAI

During his tenure of office as Chief of the First Department of the Ministry of War, General Li Chi Seng established a military radio station at No.11 Poppe Terrace, French Concession. Recently this radio station was suspected of having communicated with the Fukien rebels. The War Ministry has requested the Municipality of Greater Shanghai to instruct the Bureau of Public Safety to seal up the station with the assistance of the French Police.

Yesterday, the Municipality took over all the apparatus of the station from the French Police. A report has been submitted to the Central Government.

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

DR. SUN FO LEAVES FOR PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

Dr. Sun Fo, President of the Legislative Yuan, accompanied by his wife, Yu Min, Chief of the Shanghai Office of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and Yang Hwa Jih, Secretary of the National Economic Committee, left for the Philippines via. Hongkong at 10 p.m. yesterday by the s.s. President Hoover of the Dollar Steamship Company.

Dr. Sun told newspaper reporters that his trip to the south had no political significance. He may call on Mr. Hu Han Min at Hongkong. He will return to Shanghai on New Year's day.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 20/12/33

4

December 20,1933. Afternoon Translation.

Sin Wan Pao (Hangchow Telegram):

Rumours are rife in the city of Puchen that there have been skirmishes between the outposts of the government troops and the rebel forces at Hienou but that major engagements have not yet materialised.

Hsu Bei-ken, Director of the Aviation Bureau, stated that there were three routes open for the Fukien rebels to invake Chekiang; to invade Changshan from Siyakwan, to invade Taishen from Pingnan and Shuming, or to invade Pingyang from Yapu and Footing.

D5501

Sin Wan Pao (Nanking Telegram):

To deal with the Fukien invasion, the Central Government in addition to stationing a large number of troops at the Western and Southern parts of Chekiang despatched a strong army engaged in bandit suppression in Kiangsi to the front near Fukien.

Sin Wan Pao (Hankow Telegram)

THE FUKIEN SECESSION MOVEMENT

Information in the possession of a certain official organ revealed that the Fukien insurgents intend to invade Chekiang with a view to occupying Hangchow and Shanghai.

Ying I-chung, a henchman of the Communist leader, Pan Teh-hwei, has been appointed Chief Secretary to the Propaganda Department by the rebel government and sent to Shanghai to direct the reactionary movement. In addition, members of the Hung Hui Tong of Canton have been detailed to proceed to Shanghai to enlist loafers to be paid $2.00 a day to create disturbances.

D5501

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501

D.C. (CRIME)

December 19, 1932

Political

Movement of Notables

~~To Nanking~~

Departed at 11 p.m. December 18 :-

H. H. Kung, Minister of Finance.
Wong Shao-yoong, Minister of Interior.
Chao Lih-ts, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.
Lieu Vee-ts, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.
Tseu Ling, Vice Minister of Finance.
Kan Nai-kwang, Vice Minister of Interior.

D5501

Anti-Fokien Secession Movement

Members of the General Labour Union held a conference in their office at 117 Foh Yeu Road at 10.30 a.m. December 18 and decided to request the National Government by telegram to despatch an expeditionary force to suppress the rebels in Fokien.

Middle School Students' Federation - office removed

The office of the Middle School Students' Federation was on December 18 removed from 7 Tung Ming Li, Yoeh Kung Road, City to 261 Route Capitaine Rabier.

Korean murdered in the French Concession

At 6.30 p.m. December 18, Oak Sing Bim (玉成彬), Korean Interpreter of the Political Section of the French Police, was shot dead by an unknown person, while he was leaving the residence of his friend Chin Hai-san (金海山) at 153 Rue Marcel Tillot.

(CRIME BRANCH)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 18 / 12 / 33.

December 18, 1933. Afternoon Translation.

Min Pao and other local newspapers :-

CHINESE POLICE TRAINING SCHOOL OPENED

At 10 a.m. yesterday the new Police Training School of the Public Safety Bureau situated on Loong Hwa Road off Tan Poo Road, was formally opened.

Major Wu Te-chen; General Wen Gen Hung, Chief of the Public Safety Bureau and over 200 others were present.

General Wen who presided over the inauguration ceremony, delivered a speech in which he stated that the school was formerly established in Chapei and later closed down owing to the Shanghai War.

Major Wu also gave a speech exhorting the policemen to study hard during the training course in order to be of use to the country.

Central China Daily News:

NATIVE GOODS EXHIBITION TO BE POSTPONED

The Special District Native Goods Exhibition was banned by the Fire Brigade of the S.I.C. on the ground that the arrangements were not in conformity with the plan submitted. A meeting of representatives of the manufacturers was held in the evening of the 16th and the following notification was issued:-

"The Native Goods Movement Exhibition was scheduled to be opened on the 18th, but owing to the opposition of the Shanghai Municipal Council to the arrangements, the exhibition has been postponed until New Year Day."

Shun Pao (Hangchow telegram):-

D5501

SENTRIES AT NORTHERN FUKIEN CLASH WITH REBELS

The sentries of the Central Army at Northern Fukien yesterday had a minor conflict with the advancing rebel force at Chien An and Yien Ping area. The Central Army has not yet been ordered to launch an attack. Reinforcements have already been sent from Chekiang to the southern front.

A telegram from Chuchow states that General Chiang Tin Wen is now leading the main force to meet the rebels.

Another telegram from Hangchow states that General Lu Te Ping, Chairman of the Chekiang Province, made a tour of inspection at 5 p.m. December 17 on the southern frontier. The border of Chekiang has been strongly fortified. The Fukien rebels are now joining the Communist forces at Yien Ping.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. S. B. INTELLIGENCE
No. D 5501
Date 17 / 12 / 33

December 17, 1933. Morning Translation.

Sin Wan Pao and other local newspapers (Hangchow telegram):

WAR IS IMMINENT OF FOKIEN-CHEKIANG BORDER

It is reported that the Fokien new government has issued an order for the mobilization of the Red Army, 3,000 strong, to attack Chekiang.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 16/12/33

December 16,

D.C. (CRIME)

Political

Movement of Notables

To Nanking

Departed at 11 p.m. December 15 :-

Madam Yaung Ching-wei.

From Nanking

Arrived at 7.30 a.m. December 16 :-

Sun Fo, President of Legislative Yuan.

Chen Shao-kwan, Minister of Navy.

Chu Bei-teh, Chief of the Staff of the Ministry of War.

Nyu Yung-chien, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.

John C.H. Wee, member of the Legislative Yuan.

Lieu Vee-ts, member of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang.

D5501

Fokien Secession Movement - Chung Hwa Seamen's Special Kuomintang activities

The Chung Hwa Seamen's Special Kuomintang, 33 Oong Ka Ts Loong, City, issued on December 15 copies of a handbill entitled "An open letter to Seamen in connection with the Fokien Secession Movement". The document apart from strongly censuring Chen Ming-shu (陳銘樞) and Li Chi-sung (李濟琛) for their conspiracy against the Kuomintang and the Chinese nation, urges seamen throughout China to assist the Central Government in suppressing the rebellion in Fokien.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER
DEC 16
(CRIME BRANCH)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 15/12/33

December 15, 1933. Afternoon Translation.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

WHARF COOLIES DISPUTE AT POOTUNG ENDED.

With reference to the dispute amongst the coolies on the Yung Ling Wharf, Pootung, deputies of the Social Bureau, the Public Safety Bureau and the local Tupgpu on December 14 discussed the matter. An agreement was signed and the contract system has been abolished.

The Social Bureau has decided to convene representatives of foremen of coolies of the Yung Ling Wharf to a meeting for the purpose of concluding a formal agreement.

The coolies will resume to-day.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

MEETING OF MIDDLE SCHOOL TEACHERS.

At a meeting of the Middle School Teachers Federation held at 4 p.m. yesterday, the following resolutions were passed:-

1) That a Boy Scouts Service Introduction Institution be established.

2) That middle schools be instructed to form boy scout groups.

3) That a meeting of Trainers and Captains of boy scouts of all middle schools in Shanghai be held at 2 p.m. December 23 at the Kwan Sung Yuen (觀音園), Nanking Road.

4) That the Central Government be requested to discharge and punish Zia Sz Ying (賈士英), a Departmental Chief of the Ministry of Education, who is a well-known supporter of the Third Party.

Central China Daily News (Nanchang Correspondence):

D 5501.

FOKIEN SECESSION MOVEMENT

It has been decided by the Fokien authorities that the 19th Route Army shall advance towards Chekiang.

Some 9,000 soldiers under the command of Sung Kwang Han are concentrating at Sin Dien, Chien Nan and Chen Yan and intend to advance towards Poo Chen and Sien Yah, and 7,500 soldiers under the command of Mao Vee Zer are about to proceed towards Yah Poo and Foh An.

Chu Zer Nyi has been appointed as commander of the entire body of reserve units and his 5,000 soldiers are stationed near Koo Dien and Foochow.

Some 5,000 soldiers of the Reserve Unit under the command of Chang Yien will be transferred to Tai Wang and Loo Yuan.

General Tsai Din Kai's troops are patrolling Sz Kao and Koo Dien.

Only 40,000 out of the rebellion troos numbering 120,000 are trained fighting men.

(Foochow correspondence)

The so-called "People's Revolutionary Government in Fokien organized by Chen Min Chu has contracted an agreement

with the communists and the Third International has promised to detail "Meef" (?) to come to China as advisor. He is the former Vice-President of the Chun San University at Moscow.

The following agreements have been contracted by the rebels with the communists:

1. To oppose the Central Authorities and to abolish the Kuomintang.
2. To enforce equal distribution of land.
3. To establish a government of peasants and labourers.

The following resolutions have also been passed :-

1. That the Fokien authorities remove the blockade between Fokien and the communist areas.
2. That the alliance with the communists be kept as secret as possible.
3. That the communists guard the north of Fokien against the troops of the Central authorities.
4. That the troops of the 49th Division of the rebels withdraw from the western part of Fokien and be transferred to Changchow and Amoy and that the troops of Mao Vee Zer and Chu Zer Nyi stationed at Changchow and Zeechow be transferred to the northern part of Fokien and be mobilized for attacking Chekiang while the communist troops under the command of Loo Bin Hui be stationed at Loong Yien in order to attack the Kwangtung authorities.

At the commencement of the Fokien movement, the communists ordered Ban Tuh Hui's wife and Loo Bin Hui to proceed to Foochow. Following the formation of the bogus government 50 bandits have proceeded to Fokien to join various organs there and a large number of communists went to Fokien from Shanghai to participate in the movement.

Recently Tse Tuh arrived at Fokien and following his arrival a meeting was held at which the proposed attack on Chekiang by Tse Tuh was approved and it was decided that Tsai Din Kai and Tse Tuh be appointed commanders of the 1st and 2nd route armies.respectively.

Since this meeting the 19th Route Army and the communists have worked in cooperation.

On November 20 and December 2 two battalions of the communist army arrived at Yien Bin from Chiang Loh and on December 3 the 60th and 61st Divisions of the Fokien rebels together with 2,000 communist soldiers arrived at San Tu from Yien Bin and are advancing towards Koo Dien.

(Nanking telegram):

A certain person who came from Fokien stated that the rebels due to financial difficulties have definitely contracted a loan of $30,000,000.00 with Japan and have issued $20,000,000.00 bank notes in the name of the District Bank of Fokien.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501

December 15, 15/12/33.

Political (2)

Anti-Japanese Boycott - activities of Paper Traders

At 3 p.m. December 14 the Paper Traders' Association reported to the Chinese Chamber of Commerce that as a result of investigation made, it was found that 40% of the paper used by the Sing Wen Hwa Book Store, 62 Foochow Road, is believed to be of Japanese origin although the shops from which the paper was obtained could not be traced. It was requested that the Chamber of Commerce investigate the matter.

D 5501

Anti-Fokien Secession Movement - Meeting of Chinese Seamen

Under the auspices of the Shanghai Branch of the Chung Hwa Seamen's General Labour Union, some 300 Chinese seamen held a meeting in the office of the Shanghai Branch, 33 Oong Ka Ts Loong, West Gate, between 10.30 and 11.45 a.m. December 14. Loo Yung-shih (盧榮棠), committee member of the Shanghai Branch, who presided made a speech denouncing the Fokien Secessionists. The following resolutions were then passed :-

1. That a circular telegram be despatched urging seamen's organizations throughout the nation advocate that a punitive drive to be launched against the secessionists.
2. That the National Government be requested to issue an order for the launching of a punitive campaign against the Fokien rebels.
3. That a circular telegram be despatched urging all members of the C.E.C. of Kuomintang to proceed to Nanking and attend the forthcoming 4th Plenary Session.
4. That the Chung Hwa Seamen's General Labour Union be requested to instruct Chinese seamen to assist the National Government in enforcing a blockade of all seaports in Fokien.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 14/12/33.

December 14, 1933. Afternoon Translation

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

WHARF WORKERS' DISPUTE AT POOTUNG

The Yung Ling(榮麟) Wharf at Pootung has been leased by the Yu Chang(裕昌) Coal Store. The coolies working on this wharf were formerly under the control of a contractor named Lee Hung Kee(李鴻記). Recently the Coal Store has taken over the wharf and has abolished the workers contract system. The manager of the Hwa Lun(華倫) Company, No.10 Canton Road, was engaged to act as overseer and new coolies were engaged. Opposition was raised by Lee Hung Kee, the former contractor, who claimed that he should continue to act as overseer and refused to hand over the wharf to the new workers. A dispute arose, which caused the Company to sustain a loss of $20,000. Work on the wharf is suspended.

On December 3, some 400 wharf coolies detailed five representatives to submit an appeal to the Company requesting that they should be allowed to resume work immediately.

The Yung Ling Company then made an agreement with the coolies and work was to be resumed on December 12. Copies of the agreement have been sent to the Social Bureau, the Bureau of Public Safety and other political organs for consideration.

However, when these coolies tried to unload a shipment of coal on December 12, Lee Hung Kee led some 100 coolies to the wharf and interfered with the work. The Bureau of Public Safety at once sent a detachment of Police to the scene and work was again suspended.

Yesterday morning, the Bureau of Social Affairs called a meeting of representatives from both sides. The dispute may be settled to-day.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers :-

BANDIT SUPPRESSION MEETING OF THE S-N & S-H-N RAILWAY ADMINISTRATION

At 10 a.m. December 13, the Special Tangpu of the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway Administration held a propaganda meeting at the North Station to devise measures to defeat the Fokien rebels and suppress the communists. Approximately 3,000 persons were present. Cartoons and posters attacking the Fokien rebels as well as the communists were found at the meeting place.

After a report had been made on the necessity of the work of attacking the rebels and the communists, the following resolutions were passed :-

1. That a telegram be dispatched to the Central Government demanding an immediate attack on the Fokien rebels and that a circular telegram be sent out urging the people throughout the country to support the proposal.

S
D 5501

December 14, 1933. Afternoon Translation.

2. That General Chiang Kai Shek and the officers and men at the front be assisted.
3. That Mr. Hu Han Min and all the members of the C.E.C. of the Kuomintang in the South-West (Canton) be requested to proceed to Nanking to attend the forthcoming 4th Plenary Congress to devise schemes to save the nation.
4. That a warning be issued to the rank and file of the 19th Route Army.

The meeting terminated at 11.40 a.m.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers :-

CHIEF-OF-STAFF TO WOOSUNG-SHANGHAI GARRISON COMMISSIONER APPOINTED

General Wu Te Chen has appointed Hsu Ching Yuen (許倉元) and Kan Han Lan (甘漢蘭) as Chief-of-Staff and Chief adjutant respectively of the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters.

China Times and other local newspapers:

ADVERTISING POSTERS FOR MOTION PICTURES TO BE CENSORED

At a meeting held on Dec.12 of the Board of Film Censors of the Ministries of Education and the Interior, a resolution was passed that from January 1, 1934, motion picture companies in submitting films to the Board for censorship must also forward advertising material and posters.

China Times and other local newspapers:

S.S.WOOSUNG INCIDENT

Due to the fact that the agreement concluded between Butterfield & Swire Company and the Seamen's Union of Canton regarding the s.s. Woosung incident was not acceptable to the local seamen, a petition was submitted some time ago by the local Seamen's Union to the Ministry of Communications, which despatched Kao Ting-sin, Chief of the Navigation Bureau to Shanghai to conduct negotiations with the shipping company.

Yesterday at 10 a.m., Sun Liu-ping, Secretary of the local Seamen's Union was detailed to proceed to the shipping company, on the French Bund, to open negotiations with the General Manager of the company. He placed before the shipping authorities new proposals to replace the agreement, but was informed that an answer would be given when the proposals had been considered.

It is intimated that suitable measures will be adopted by the local Seamen's Union should the negotiations prove unsuccessful.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 14/12/33

D.C. (CRIME)

December 14, 1933.

Political

Movement of Notable

To Nanking

Departed at 8 a.m. December 14 :-

Koo Ming-yu, Minister of Railways.

Communist Propaganda - Arrest of a Suspect

On December 13 the Municipal Police, at the request of a member of the Shanghai Bureau of Public Safety, arrested on Tongshan Road a communist suspect named Zung Mao (宗茂) alias Lao Li (老李), native of Kwangtung, who is stated to be member of the Organization Department of the Seamen's Union.

The accused will appear before court on December 14 when an application for his extradition will be made by the Chinese Authorities.

Fokien Secession Movement - local oppositionists activities

ACTING COMMISSIONER
KMB
DEC 14
CRIME BRANCH

The meeting scheduled by the S.H.N.R. and S.N.R. Special Kuomintang and the S.H.N.R. & S.N.R. Workers' Union to be held on December 13 in the Shanghai North Station (Vide I.R. 13/12/33) was attended by some 200 persons mostly staff employees and workers of the two railway lines. The meeting was presided over by Zung Sung Suh (陳承祖), a member of the S.H.N.R. & S.N.R. Special Kuomintang and was marked with speeches emphasising the necessity of punishing 'rebels' in Fokien and the suppression of 'red' bandits. Altogether four different kinds of handbills issued in the name of the "Rebels Punishment and Bandit Suppression Propaganda Campaign" and bearing on the subject were distributed among the attendance.

S
5501

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 13/12/33

December 13, 1933. Morning Translation.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

THE S.N. & S.H.N. RAILWAY ADMINISTRATION TO HOLD BANDIT SUPPRESSION MEETING THIS MORNING.

At 9 a.m. December 13, the staff employees of the Shanghai-Nankign and Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway Administration will hold a propaganda meeting at the North Station to devise measures to defeat the Fokien rebels and suppress the Communists. Copies of a circular were sent out yesterday requesting the official and public bodies to detail deputies to participate in the function.

Delegates of the Municipality of Greater Shanghai, the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters and other official and public organizations will attend the meeting.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
D. 13/12/32

December 13, 1932.

Political (4)

Chemical Industrial Association formed by ex-officers of the Anti-Japanese Army - inaugurated

The "Zu Shing Chemical Industrial Association promoted by Chang Ming-lih (張民立), ex-Commander-in chief of the defunct "People's National Salvation Army" in the North East, was formally inaugurated in its office, 2 Sing An Faung (新安坊), Zikatang (鈕家塘) off Avenue Joffre, on December 12.

The Association entertained some twenty news reporters to tea in the Chinese Y.M.C.A. building, 123 Boulevard de Montigny, between 2 and 4 p.m. December 12. Speeches urging the attendance to render assistance in promoting the sale of products of this association were made.

After the tea, the attendance proceeded by motor car to the office of the association in the French Concession where the products of the Association including tooth powder, toilet powder, face cream, etc. were exhibited.

The trade mark of these products is "Painful Heart" with a design which consists of a red heart pierced by a sward.

D.C. (...)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501

December 13, 12, 33.

Political

Movement of Notables

To Nanking

Departed at 11 p.m. December 12 :-

Sun Fo, President of Legislative Yuan.

Hsu Moh, Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Li Shih-cha, Vice Minister of Navy.

Liu Vee-ts, member of the C.E.C. of the Kuomintang.

Yang Tuh-tsao, representative of General Chen Tsi-tong.

Fokien Secession Movement - local Oppositionists Activities

D5501.

Under the joint auspices of the "S.H.N.R. & S.N.R. Special Kuomintang" and the S.H.N.R. and S.N.R. Workers' Union, both situated at No.6 North Zung Tseng Li, Hwa Shing Road, Chapei, a "Rebels Punishment and Bandit Suppression Propaganda Campaign" will be held for four days commencing on December 13 at various large towns along these two railway lines.

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The programme of the campaign to be held in Shanghai includes a general meeting of workers and staff employees of the S.N.R. and S.H.N.R. Administration at 9 a.m. December 13 in the Shanghai North Station and the distribution of pamphlets bearing on the subject in Chinese territory.

Paper posters advocating a punitive drive against the "rebels" in Fokien and calling for the elimination of the "red" bandits are posted on walls at the North Station and vicinity.

Political (2)

The "Fokienese Association for the Salvation of their Native Place" organized by local Fokienses (Vide I.R. 4/12/33) has established an office at No. 62 Van Nyi Faung, Avenue Dubail.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 12/12/33

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December 12, 1933. Afternoon Translation.

Society Mercury (社會新聞), a 3-day periodical:-

ACTIVITIES OF ADHERENTS OF SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN SHANGHAI.

The senior members of the Social Democratic Party in Shanghai are doing nothing beyond patronizing cinemas and dance halls. The officials of the Fukien new Government are criticizing them for inefficiency. Taking advantage of the circumstances, the cunning agents including one named Yue (岳) have demanded money and suggested calling a "General Meeting of Representatives of Various Public Bodies in Shanghai in Support of the Fokien People's Government." During the past three days, certain agents distributed handbills in quiet terraces in the evenings. A certain member of the Democratic Party has stated that street loafers can be easily employed at a cost of $300 or $500 to distribute handbills.

It is ascertained that the contents of the handbills condemn the Kuomintang Government.

D 5501

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

DUTY ON FOREIGN GOODS.

The Ministry of Finance is proposing to collect a duty on the following foreign goods from January 1, 1934:- Cotton, silk, cotton thread, satin, tea, piece cloth, lumber, fish, matches and lamps.

It is learned that the levy of the import duty on foreign rice and wheat will commence this year.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

DISSATISFACTION OF FINANCE MINISTER DENIED.

In a press interview yesterday, Mayor Wu Te-Chen of the Municipality of Greater Shanghai stated that the report alleging that Dr. H.H. Kung, Minister of Finance, was dissatisfied is entirely untrue.

Sin Wan Pao and other local newspapers:

INSPECTION OF TUG-BOATS.

The Shanghai Navigation Bureau of the Ministry of Communications is carrying out an inspection of tug-boats plying in the rivers inland.

The Ministry of Communications has issued an order to the various Navigation Bureaux stating that all seamen must possess licences.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
REGISTRY
No. D 5501
Date 9/12/33

December 9, 1933. Morning Translation.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

ACTIVITIES OF AGENTS OF FOKIEN AT SHANGHAI

Preparations are being made by the new Fokien organization to attack Chekiang. Agents have been commissioned to come to Shanghai and endeavour to induce less important politicians here to convene a meeting to be known as "The General Meeting of Representatives of People of Various Walks of Life of Shanghai to Support the Fokien People's Government." The Fokien Government will appoint one named Liu Vung Van (劉文炳) to attend the forthcoming representatives meeting. It is proposed to issue a manifesto and handbills containing slogans are to be distributed. It is learned that Tsi Gee Sung (張[illegible]), Yu Mou Dao (余[illegible]), Yang Pah Kai (楊伯凱), Liu Ching Yuen (劉[illegible]), Chang Ts Ping (張[illegible]) and others will preside at the function.

Fokien agents in this city are calling on the Consular Body to explain the policy of the Fokien organization. According to a statement made by the agents, the Fokien People's Government is not a Communist Government, despite the fact that the Government has concluded an agreement with the Red Army.

Chang Ts Ping, one of the active agents of Fokien in Shanghai, is discussing affairs with Japanese named C. Tanaka and N. Nakamura.

Government Delegates to Proceed to Canton To-day.

The five delegates of the Central Government will leave Shanghai for Hongkong on the morning of December 9 on board the S.S. "President Pierce."

Fokien Begotiates Loan with Japan.

According to a Hongkong telegram, the Fokien secessionists have negotiated a loan amounting to $30,000,000 with Japan.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 8/12/33

December 8, 1933.

Political (2)

Fokien Secession Movement - precautionary measures

Beginning from December 7, 1933, the Railway Police at Shanghai South Station commenced searching pedestrians along the tracks of the S.M.N.R. Line as far as Kashing. It is learned that this is a precautionary measures against possible disturbance by local Fokien supporters.

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SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501

December 7/12/33.

D.C. (CRIME)

Political

Movement of Notables

From Nanking

Arrived at 7.30 a.m. December 7 :-

Tseng Zoong-ming, Vice Minister of Railways.

Lieu Zeu-heng, Minister of Health.

Fokien Secession Movement - Chinese edition of Evening Post & Mercury deprived of postal facilities for alleged pro-Fokien propaganda

In compliance with the order of the Ministry of Communications, the Chinese Edition of the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury, an American concern at 15-17 Avenue Edward VII, has been since November 25, 1933 deprived of postal facilities owing to its alleged pro-Fokien propaganda.

It will be recalled that the sale of this journal was prohibited in Chinese controlled territory on November 24 for the same reason (Vide I.R. 25/11/33).

Fokien Fellow Countrymen's Association - Meeting

Nine committee members of the above association met in their office, 512 Foochow Road, between 2 p.m. and 4.30 p.m. December 6. Zia Ying-poo (謝蔭坡), one of the attendance, presided. A letter received from the Chamber of Commerce in Amoy informing the Association of the recent bombardment over Chuanchow ( ) by aeroplanes of the Central Government was discussed and it was decided to request General Chiang Kai-shek to instruct the Government Air Forces to refrain from carrying out operations that may endanger the lives and property of civilians in Fokien.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER (CRIME BRANCH)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 6/12/33

December 6, 1933. Afternoon Translation.

MISCELLANEOUS

NICHI-NICHI

D5501

FUKIEN GOVERNMENT TO PURCHASE MILITARY AEROPLANES FROM AMERICA

A Dentsu telegram from Tokyo dated December 5 reports that according to reliable sources the Fukien Government is about to purchase military aeroplanes from America and is offering Kingmen Island to America as payment.

The Japanese authorities attach much importance to the matter because this procedure violates the treaty in which China agrred (to) not entrust any part of Fukien to other powers.

CHINESE BURN JAPANESE GOODS

A Changsha telegram dated December 4 reports that the Anti-Japanese Associations there have destroyed a quantity of Japanese goods seized some time ago.

MAINICHI

ARRIVAL MR. MORISHIMA

Mr. Morishima, Chief of the First Section of the Asia Bureau of the Tokyo Government, arrived in Shanghai at 4 p.m. yesterday.

INAUGURATION OF GRAND ASIA ASSOCIATION IN DAIREN

A Dairen telegram dated December 5 reports that an inauguration meeting of the Grand Asia Association organized by S. Ohkawa, Z. Imasato, Ex M.P., Chang Yen Keng, Manchukuo Minister of Industry, Patrap, and Nile, will be held in Dairen on February II, 1934. The Grand Asia Association is supported by the Black Dragon Association under the leadership of Mr. M. Toyama and R. Uchita, the Jinmu Association under the leadership of Dr. S. Ohkawa and the Red Swastika Association.

NIPPO

ARRIVAL OF ADMIRAL TAKSU

Rear-Admiral Takasu, newly appointed staff officer of the Third Fleet, arrived in Shanghai at 2:30 p.m. yesterday. He was the chief judge in the May 15 case.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D 5501
Date 6 / 12 / 33.

December 6, 1933. Morning ~~Translation~~

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

MILITARY ACTIVITIES AT FUKIEN

According to the statement of people who have recently travelled from Fukien, the Fukien authorities have appointed Chieu Chao Sen, vanguard commander, to launch an offensive on the Chekiang Border. General Tan Chi Sieu, Commander of the 5th Route Army at Fukien, is now making military preparations in North Fukien.

The Headquarters of the Commander-in-chief General Tsai Tin Kai are now at Foochow. Chekiang will be attacked from two directions. The Central Army is also prepared for action.